

Legalization of same-sex marriage and adoption in France



May 17, 2013

The so-called "Marriage for All" law is promulgated, authorizing civil marriage and adoption for same-sex couples. Previously, there were only PACS (Civil Solidarity Pacts).

Adopted by Parliament on April 23, 2013, the law legalizing same-sex marriage came into effect on May 17, 2013. Its adoption sparked heated debates between its supporters, who defended the principle of equality, and its opponents, who feared it would weaken the foundations of the family. Since its enactment, nearly 70,000 same-sex marriages have been celebrated. In 2013, France became the 14th country in the world to legalize same-sex marriage. The PACS (Civil Solidarity Pact) allowed for the recognition of same-sex couples, but it granted far fewer rights than marriage (no access to parenthood, no inheritance rights, no right to use the other partner's name or to receive a survivor's pension, etc.). This is why, over the years, the idea of opening marriage to same-sex couples has grown.

For more information, click here!



Sources: <https://www.vie-publique.fr/eclairage/19445-le-mariage-pour-tous-application-de-la-loi-du-17-mai-2013>